

Age	Brand	Disease/Antigen/Antibody	Notes
<b>Birth</b>	<b>H-B-Vax® II Paediatric</b>	Hepatitis B (usually offered in hospital)	Preferably within 24 hours of birth but can be given within the first 7 days of life. No catch-up required.
During RSV season (1 April to 30 Sept) From <b>birth</b> to <b>&lt;8 months</b> for <b>eligible infants</b>	<b>Beyfortus® (Nirsevimab)</b>	Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)	Assess for eligibility. <b>Not routinely required if protected by maternal vaccination.</b> Can be given at the same time as routine infant and childhood vaccines. Give once only to eligible infants born from 1 October 2024 and aged < 8 months old. See the <a href="#">Australian Immunisation Handbook-RSV chapter</a> and the <a href="#">RSV Maternal and Infant Protection Program 2025</a> on the Tasmanian Department of Health website. Dose is weight and age dependent.
<b>2 months</b> (can be given from <b>6 weeks</b> of age)	<b>Infanrix hexa® or Vaxelis®</b> <b>Prevenar 13®</b> <b>Rotarix®</b> (oral) <b>*Bexsero®</b>	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, hepatitis B, polio, Hib (DTPa-hepB-IPV-Hib) Pneumococcal (13vPCV) Rotavirus Meningococcal B (Aboriginal children)	Rotarix®: First dose must be given before 15 weeks of age. Prophylactic paracetamol recommended.
<b>4 months</b>	<b>Infanrix hexa® or Vaxelis®</b> <b>Prevenar 13®</b> <b>Rotarix®</b> (oral) <b>*Bexsero®</b>	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, hepatitis B, polio, Hib (DTPa-hepB-IPV-Hib) Pneumococcal (13vPCV) Rotavirus Meningococcal B (Aboriginal children)	Rotarix®: The second dose must be given before 25 weeks of age. Minimum interval 4 weeks from dose 1. Prophylactic paracetamol recommended.
<b>6 months</b>	<b>Infanrix hexa® or Vaxelis®</b> <b>Prevenar 13®</b> <b>*Bexsero®</b>	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, hepatitis B, polio, Hib (DTPa-hepB-IPV-Hib) Pneumococcal (13vPCV) (Children with medical risk conditions) Meningococcal B (Aboriginal children with medical risk conditions)	Two months minimum interval required between second and third dose of Hepatitis B. An additional (3rd) dose is required for all children with <a href="#">specified medical risk conditions</a> as per the Australian Immunisation Handbook- Pneumococcal disease. Additional dose for Aboriginal children with <a href="#">specified medical risk conditions</a> . Prophylactic paracetamol recommended.
<b>6 months to &lt;5 years</b> (annually)	<b>Age-appropriate influenza</b>	Influenza	Administer annually. Children aged 6 months to less than 9 years of age receiving influenza vaccine for the first time need 2 doses, at least 4 weeks apart. One dose annually in subsequent years. All Aboriginal children aged over 6 months are eligible for funded influenza vaccines.
During RSV season (1 April to 30 Sept) From <b>8 months</b> to <b>24 months</b> for those at <b>high-risk</b> only	<b>Beyfortus® (Nirsevimab)</b>	Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)	Infants and young children 8 to 24 months of age who are at risk of severe RSV disease may be eligible to receive Beyfortus® before their 2nd RSV season (April to September).  See the <a href="#">Australian Immunisation Handbook-RSV section</a> and the <a href="#">RSV Maternal and Infant Protection Program 2025</a> on the Tasmanian Department of Health website.
<b>12 months</b>	<b>Nimenrix®</b> <b>M-M-R® II or Priorix®</b> <b>Prevenar 13®</b> <b>H-B-Vax® II Paediatric</b> <b>*Bexsero®</b>	Meningococcal ACWY (MenACWY) Measles, mumps, rubella (MMR) Pneumococcal (13vPCV) Hepatitis B Meningococcal B (Aboriginal children)	Additional dose for low birthweight (<2000g) and/or pre-term babies (<32 weeks gestation). Prophylactic paracetamol recommended.
<b>18 months</b>	<b>ActHIB®</b> <b>Priorix-Tetra®</b> <b>Infanrix® or Tripacel®</b>	<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b (Hib) Measles, mumps, rubella, varicella (MMRV) Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (DTPa)	MMRV should not be used as the 1st dose of measles-containing vaccine in children <4 years of age.
<b>4 years</b>	<b>Infanrix IPV® or Quadracel®</b> <b>Pneumovax 23®</b>	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio (DTPa/IPV) Pneumococcal (Children with medical risk conditions)	For children born less than 28 weeks gestation and those with <a href="#">certain risk conditions for pneumococcal disease</a> Administer first dose of 23vPPV at age 4 years, followed by second dose of 23vPPV at least 5 years later.

- People less than 20 years of age who have a Medicare card, refugees and humanitarian entrants of all ages are eligible for free catch-up vaccines.
- \*Aboriginal children aged 6 months to less than 2 years of age are eligible for meningococcal B vaccines if missed at the recommended schedule points.
- COVID-19 vaccination may be considered and/or recommended for infants and children with conditions that increase the risk of severe COVID-19 illness (refer to the Australian Immunisation Handbook)

For further advice contact the **Tasmanian Department of Health** by email [immunisation@health.tas.gov.au](mailto:immunisation@health.tas.gov.au) or phone 1800 671 738

We use the word "Aboriginal" to describe all Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in Tasmania, in recognition that Aboriginal people are the original inhabitants and traditional owners of Lutruwita/Tasmania.

This schedule has been adapted from the National Immunisation Program Schedule with permission from the Australian Government Department of Health and Aged Care.